

1 Overview

1.1 Location \$(AMDAPPSDKSAMPLESROOT)\samples\opencl\cl\app

1.2 How to Run See the *Getting Started* guide for how to build samples. You first must compile the sample.

Use the command line to change to the directory where the executable is located. The pre-compiled sample executable is at \$(AMDAPPSDKSAMPLESROOT)\samples\opencl\bin\x86\ for 32-bit builds, and \$(AMDAPPSDKSAMPLESROOT)\samples\opencl\bin\x86_64\ for 64-bit builds.

Type the following command(s).

1. ImageBandwidth

This runs the program with the default options: -t 0 -d 0 -nl 10 -nr 1 -nk 100 -nkl 1 -x 1024 -y 1024 -ox 0 -oy 0 -rx 1024 -ry 1024 -s 2 -if 0 -of 1 -cf 2 -p 0

2. ImageBandwidth -h

This prints the help file.

1.3 Command Line Options Table 1 lists, and briefly describes, the command line options.

Table 1 Command Line Options

Short Form	Description
-t <n>	Test type: 0 clEnqueue[Map,Unmap]Image 1 clEnqueue[Read,Write]Image 2 clEnqueueCopyImage 3 clEnqueueCopyBufferToImage and clEnqueueCopyImageToBuffer 4 clEnqueue[Read,Write]Image, prepinned
-d <n>	Number of GPU devices.
-x <n>	Image width in pixels.
-y <n>	Image height in pixels.
-ox <n>	Subimage origin x in pixels.
-oy <n>	Subimage origin y in pixels.
-rx <n>	Subimage region x in pixels.
-ry <n>	Subimage region y in pixels.
-nl <n>	Number of timing loops.
-nr <n>	Time each OpenCL command <n> times.
-nk <n>	Number of loops in the kernel.
-nkl <n>	Number of kernel launches.

Short Form	Description
-l	Print complete timing log.
-s <n>	Skip first <n> timings for average (default = 2).
-[if,of,cf] <n>	Input, output, copy mem object flags (ok to use multiple): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 CL_MEM_READ_ONLY 1 CL_MEM_WRITE_ONLY 2 CL_MEM_READ_WRITE 3 CL_MEM_USE_HOST_PTR 4 CL_MEM_COPY_HOST_PTR 5 CL_MEM_ALLOC_HOST_PTR 6 CL_MEM_USE_PERSISTENT_MEM_AMD
-p <n>	Pixel format. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 CL_RGBA/CL_UNSIGNED_INT32 1 CL_RGBA/CL_UNSIGNED_INT8
-m	Always map as MAP_READ MAP_WRITE.
-db	Disable host memory bandwidth baseline.
-h	Print all options and their meanings.

2 Introduction

This sample can run the following tests:

- Create a simple baseline for host memory read and write performance. This can be used to ensure sanity of device image access performance numbers created by the other tests.
- Benchmark a round-trip chain of synchronous, serialized transfer steps between the host and the device.
- The sample can create a log over many iterations to locate one-time effects or variations over time.

The following transfer paths can be tested via command line option:

```
clEnqueueMapImage/UnmapImage
clEnqueueReadImage/WriteImage
clEnqueueCopyImage
clEnqueueCopyBufferToImage
clEnqueueCopyImageToBuffer
clEnqueueReadImage/WriteImage, prepinned
```

This sample allows selection of any of the various CL image creation attributes for the source and destination images of the transfer chain.

3 Implementation Details

Details on the various buffer types and recommended transfer paths are provided in Chapter 4 of the *AMD APP OpenCL Programming Guide*.

Inside the read and write kernels, the code iterates over a given image multiple times (-nk option) to amortize kernel launch costs. A particular access pattern is used to minimize cache hits and provide a closer measure of actual-off chip memory bandwidth. For small images, this access pattern still produces read cache or write combine hits. A simple way to further minimize cache

hits is to run with `-nk 1 -nkl 10` (for example), so that the kernel is launched multiple times, while reading the image only once inside the kernel.

The `-l` option can be used to identify some of the one-time costs that exist for a given transfer chain. For instance, during the first 1 or 2 iterations, the GPU and CPU achieve maximum clock rates. Also, memory objects are allocated and transported to their final location. These costs show up as increased execution times for the first few OpenCL calls.

All transfer steps are executed synchronously to ensure accurate bandwidth measurement. The application code should not follow this model, but submit as many commands to a CL queue as possible before forcing the queue to drain.

Currently, runtime bug 6432 breaks mapping of `CL_MEM_USE_PERSISTENT_MEM` images using offsets and/or regions. The sample produces data verification failures for this path.

4 Notes and Caveats

- Do not run graphics applications while benchmarking compute or transfer operations.
- The read and write GPU kernels are written for clarity, and should achieve around 85% of HW peak with the right number of threads.
- The data verification used is basic.
- User-specified image sizes, offsets, and region boundaries can be adjusted by the sample code to nearby sizes that work well across all measurement stages.

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